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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/500,356	02/07/2000	Tetsujiro Kondo	450100-02329	2482
20999 759	20999 7590, 06/07/2004		EXAMI	NER
FROMMER LAWRENCE & HAUG 745 FIFTH AVENUE- 10TH FL.			MARIAM, DANIEL G	
NEW YORK, N			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2621	M
			DATE MAILED: 06/07/2004	14

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/500,356	KONDO ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		DANIEL G MARIAM	2621			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	CORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. The period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a report of the provision of the p	1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tireply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11	May 2004.				
		nis action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdred claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptance and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the I	ccepted or b) objected to by the ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Selection is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). njected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)[a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bure See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicati iority documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachmen	nt(s)					
	te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) 🔲 Infon	ee of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 er No(s)/Mail Date		ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on May 11, 2004 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action: 2.

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -(e) the fliverhood was described in (1) an application for patent, published and section 122(0), by another med in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for nation of the distribution of the applicant for patent of the applicant for patent, except that an patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an parent by anomer med in the Onited States before the invention by the applicant for parent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this application filed in the United States and if the international application designated the United States and if the international application designated the United States and if the international application filed in the United States and if the international application designated the United States and if the international application filed in the United States and if the international application filed in the United States and if the international application filed in the United States and if the international application filed in the United States and in the international application filed in the United States and in the international application filed in the United States and in the international application filed in the United States and in the international application filed in the United States and in the international application filed in the United States and in the international application filed in the United States and in the international application filed in the United States and in the international application filed in the United States and in the international application filed in the United States and in the U subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- Claims 1 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Sun, et al. 3.

With regard to claim 1, Sun, et al. discloses input means for receiving input data (6,272,250). representative of a plurality of pixels arranged in a sequential order, i.e., $P_{11}, P_{12} \dots P_{mn}$ (See for example, item 14 & 18, in Fig. 2); extraction means (this feature is considered inherent because an extractor is required to read or extract the data received by the system 14 and thereby groping the data into a number of clusters) for extracting from the input data similar input data having a value close to a value of given input data, i.e., closest to the prototype, and processing means (i.e., system 14) for processing the input data according to the similar input data extracted by

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said extraction means, wherein the input data to be processed is set as the given input data sequentially (See for example, col. 4, lines 10-67).

Claim 19 is rejected the same as claim 1 except claim 19 is a method claim. Thus, argument similar to that presented above for claim 1 is equally applicable to claim 19.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Inoue, et al. (6,128,407) in view of Sun, et al. (6,272,250).

With regard to claim 1, Inoue, et al (hereinafter "Inoue") discloses input means, i.e., image input device, for receiving input data (representative of a plurality of pixels arranged in a sequential order); extraction means, i.e., cluster preparation means, for extracting from the input data, i.e., color image data, similar input data having a value, i.e., pixel value, close to a value of given input data, i.e., color pixels of the color image data, and processing means, i.e., cluster preparator, for processing the input data according to the similar input data extracted by said extraction means (See for example, col. 11, lines 24-47); (wherein the input data to be processed is set as the given input data sequentially). Inoue does not explicitly call for receiving input data representative of a plurality of pixels arranged in a sequential order, wherein the input data to be processed is set as the given input data sequentially. However, Sun, et al. (col. 4, lines 7-67) teaches this feature. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art

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to incorporate the teaching as taught by Sun, et al into the system of Inoue, if for no other reason than to organize the inputted image in a sequential order and to perform the processing sequentially, and to do so would at least enhance the performance of clustering the image data.

Claim 19 is rejected the same as claim 1 except claim 19 is a method claim. Thus, argument similar to that presented above for claim 1 is equally applicable to claim 19.

6. Claims 2-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Inoue in view of Sun, et al. and further in view of Li, et al. (5,602,934).

With regard to claim 2, Inoue (as modified by Sun, et al.) discloses all of the claimed subject matter, as already discussed above in paragraph 5, and the arguments are not repeated herein, but are incorporated by reference. Inoue (as modified by Sun, et al) does not explicitly call for wherein said extraction means extracts the similar input data by applying a weight to the input data according to a difference between the input data and the given input data. However, Li, et al. (col. 7, lines 22-50) teaches this feature. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the teaching as taught by Li, et al into the system of Inoue (as modified by Sun, et al), if for no other reason than to add a weight to the color image data, and to do so would at least improve the extraction process of the area where the similar color pixel data exists.

With regard to claim 3, a data processing apparatus according to claim 2, wherein said extraction means applies a weight to the input data by multiplying the input data with a predetermined weight function (See for example, col. 7, lines 43 –60 Li, et al).

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With regard to claim 4, a data processing apparatus according to claim 3, further comprising setting means for adaptively setting the weight function (See for example, col. 8, lines 46-52; and item 28, in Fig. 1 Li, et al).

With regard to claim 5, a data processing apparatus according to claim 4, further comprising estimation means for estimating a level of noise contained in the input data, wherein said setting means sets the weight function according to the estimated level of noise (which reads on col. 8, lines 49-52 Li, et al), for example.

With regard to claim 6, a data processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said processing means calculates the output data by adding the similar input data which are weighted according to temporal or spatial proximity between the similar input data and the given input data (See for example, col. 7, lines 36-53 Li, et al).

With regard to claim 7, a data processing apparatus according to claim 6, wherein said processing means applies a weight to the similar input data by multiplying the similar input data with a predetermined weight function (See for example, col. 7, lines 43 –60 Li, et al).

With regard to claim 8, a data processing apparatus according to claim 7, further comprising setting means for adaptively setting the weight function (See for example, col. 8, lines 46-52; and item 28, in Fig. 1 Li, et al).

With regard to claim 9, a data processing apparatus according to claim 8, further comprising estimation means for estimating a level of noise contained in the input data, wherein said setting means sets the weight function according to the estimated level of noise (which reads on col. 8, lines 49-52 Li, et al), for example.

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With regard to claim 10, a data processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said extraction means extracts the similar input data from the input data based on a difference between the input data and the given input data (See for example, item 506, in Fig. 5 Li, et al).

With regard to claim 11, a data processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said extraction means extracts input data which is temporally or spatially close to the given input data as the similar input data (See for example, col. 7, lines 36-53 Li, et al).

With regard to claim 12, a data processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said extraction means extracts input data, as the similar input data, whose difference from the given input data is within a predetermined value (See for example, col. 7, lines 54-58 Li, et al).

With regard to claim 13, a data processing apparatus according to claim 12, further comprising setting means for adaptively setting the predetermined value (See for example, col. 8, lines 46-52; and item 28, in Fig. 1 Li, et al).

With regard to claim 14, a data processing apparatus according to claim 13, further comprising estimation means for estimating a level of noise contained in the input data, wherein said setting means sets the predetermined value according to the estimated level of noise (which reads on col. 8, lines 49-52 Li, et al), for example.

With regard to claim 15, a data processing apparatus according to claim 14, wherein said estimation means estimates the level of noise based on a difference between the input data and the corresponding output data or based on a variance of the input data (See for example, items 506-518, in Fig. 5 Li, et al).

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With regard to claim 16, a data processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said processing means calculates the output data by performing approximate processing using the similar input data (See for example, col. 7, lines 12-35 Li, et al).

With regard to claim 17, a data processing apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said processing means performs the approximate processing according to a predetermined model, i.e., given image or original image (See for example, col. 7, lines 23-29 Li, et al).

With regard to claim 18, a data processing apparatus according to claim 17, wherein said processing means performs the approximate processing according to a model represented by a linear expression (col. 9, lines 9-12 Li, et al).

Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. US Patent Numbers: 4991223, 6263089, and 6535632.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DANIEL G MARIAM whose telephone number is 703-305-4010. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:00-4:30) FIRST FRIDAY OFF.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, LEO BOUDREAU can be reached on 703-305-4607. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

DANIEL MAPIAM PRIMARY EXAMINER

May 27, 2004